CSS MPT MOCK-III

Note: Select the correct answer and Fill in the appropriate Box □ on the Answer Sheet

TIME: 200 Minutes

SECTION-I	(اسلامیات)	**20 Marks**

1. In the Battle of Uhud, Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) instructed how many archers to stay on the mountain side?
   (a) 20
   (b) 30
   (c) 40
   (d) 50
2. The master of Hazrat Bilal (R.A.) was:
   (a) Abu Jahl
   (b) Umayyah ibn Khalaf
   (c) Uqbah ibn Abi Mu'ayt
   (d) None of these
3. The Battle of Hunain was fought against:
   (a) Hawazin
   (b) Quraish
   (c) Aws
   (d) None of these
4. Ahsan-ul-Qasas is mentioned in which Surah of the Holy Quran?
   (a) Surah Yaseen
   (b) Surah Hashr
   (c) Surah Yusuf
   (d) Surah Ibrahim
5. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) travelled to Damascus with his uncle Abu Talib at the age of:
   (a) 8 years
   (b) 10 years
   (c) 12 years
   (d) 15 years
6. Madina served as the capital until Hazrat Ali (R.A.) moved the capital to:
   (a) Kufa
   (b) Makkah
   (c) Madina
   (d) Baghdad
7. Hazrat Halimah al-Sa'diyah (R.A.) belonged to which tribe?
   (a) Banu Taym of Quraysh
   (b) Banu Sa'd of Hawazin
   (c) Banu Hashim of Quraysh
   (d) Banu Adi of Quraysh
8. The Battle of the Trench was fought in:
   (a) Shawwal, 627 A.D. (5th Hijri)
   (b) Ramadan, 627 A.D. (5th Hijri)
   (c) Muharram, 627 A.D. (5th Hijri)
   (d) Dhul-Hijjah, 627 A.D. (5th Hijri)
9. The second wife of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:
   (a) Hazrat Aisha (R.A.)
   (b) Hazrat Sawdah bint Zam'a (R.A.)
   (c) Hazrat Hafsa (R.A.)
   (d) Hazrat Umm Salamah (R.A.)
10. Who was the first Amir-ul-Hajj in the history of Islam?
    (a) Hazrat Umar (R.A.)
    (b) Hazrat Ali (R.A.)
    (c) Hazrat Abu Bakr Siddiq (R.A.)
    (d) Hazrat Uthman (R.A.)
11. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) wrote a letter to which Governor of Syria?

(a) Harith bin Abi Shamir Al-Ghassani
(b) Muawiyah bin Abi Sufyan
(c) Khalid bin Waleed
(d) Amr bin Al-Aas

12. The first Umayyad Caliph was:
(a) Abd al-Rahman
(b) Mu'awiya-I
(c) Mu'awiya-II
(d) None of these

13. The act of kissing or gesturing towards Hajar al-Aswad is called:
(a) Tawaf
(b) Istilam
(c) Sa'i
(d) Arafah

14. The book "Khilafat-o-Malukiyat" is authored by:
(A) Maulana Safi-ud-Din Mubarakpuri
(B) S. Sulaiman Nadvi
(C) S. Abul Ala Maududi
(D) None of these

15. Pharaoh and his troops were drowned in:
(A) Black Sea
(B) Dead Sea
(C) Red Sea
(D) Mediterranean Sea

16. The Ascension (Miraj) event occurred in:
(A) 10th Nabawi
(B) 11th Nabawi
(C) 12th Nabawi
(D) None of these

17. The order of Tayammum (ablution with sand) is mentioned in Surah:
(A) An-Nisa
(B) Al-Imran
(C) Al-Zumer
(D) None of these

18. "Mujaddid-Alf-Thani" is the title of:
(A) Shah Waliullah
(B) Abdul Haq Muhaddith Dehlvi
(C) Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi
(D) Sheikh Mohayuddin Ibn Arabi

19. The Quranic term "Gharimin" means:
(A) An Indebted Person
(B) A Friend
(C) A Slave
(D) A Neighbor

20. Which event was called "Fath-e-Mubeen" (Clear Victory) in the Holy Quran?
(A) Conquest of Makkah
(B) Peace of Hudaybiyah
(C) Battle of Badr
(D) None of these

SECTION-II	(اردو)	20 Marks

21. "صنعت ایہام" سے کیا مراد ہے اور اس کی کلاسیکی مثال کس کے کلام میں سب سے نمایاں ہے؟

(a) ایسا لفظ لانا جس کے دو معنی (قریب و بعید) ہوں اور مراد بعید ہو

(b) شعر میں دو متضاد الفاظ جمع کرنا۔ میر تقی میر

(c)بغیر نقطوں کے شعر کرنا۔فیض

(d)غیر عربی الفاظ کا استعمال کرنا۔غالب

شاکر ناجی وایہام گو شعراء

22. دفتری اصطلاح "Up-gradation of Post" کا نوٹیفکیشن جاری کرتے وقت درست اردو اصطلاح کیا لکھی جاتی ہے؟

(a)ترفیع عہدہ

(b)ارتقائے اسامی/ارتقائے عہدہ

(c)تبادلہ اسامی

(d)تجدید اسامی

23. اردو کی پہلی تاریخ ادب "آبِ حیات"(محمد حسین آزاد) کتنے ادوار پر مشتمل ہے؟

(a)تین ادوار

(b)چار ادوار

(c)پانچ ادوار

(d)چھ ادوار

24. انگریزی محاورے "To beat about the bush" کے لیے اردو کا سب سے قریب ترین اور مستعمل محاورہ کون سا ہے؟

(a)جھاڑیوں میں تیر چلانا

(b)ادھر ادھر کی بات/اصل بات سے گریز کرنا

(c)جنگل میں منگل کرنا

(d)بلاوجہ بحث کرنا

25. "مستزاد" قواعد وعلم شعر میں کس قسم کی نظم یا غزل کو کہا جاتا ہے؟

(a)جس کے ہر مصرعے کے بعد ایک موزوں چھوٹا ٹکڑا زائد لگایا جائے

(b)جس کے تمام مصرعے برابر نہ ہوں

(c)جس میں قافیہ نہ ہو

(d)دو زبانوں میں کہی گئی غزل

26. دفتری مراسلت میں "Charge Sheet" کا درست اردو متبادل کیا ہے؟

(a)فرد جرم/فرد الزام

(b)چالان نامہ

(c)تحریری حلف نامہ

(d)نوٹس برطرفی

27. نذیر احمد کے ناول "توبۃ النصوح" کا بنیادی موضوع اور مرکزی فلسفہ کیا ہے؟

(a)بچوں کی اخلاق ودینی تربیت اور اصلاح معاشرہ

(b)نسوانی تعلیم اور حقوق نسواں

(c)سیاسی بیداری

(d)انگریزی حکومت کی مخالفت

28. "اسم ذات" اور "اسم صفت" میں بنیادی نحوی تفریق کیا ہے؟

(a)اسم ذات اپنا وجود بذات خود قائم رکھتا ہے، جبکہ صفت کسی ذات کی محتاج ہوتی ہے

(b)دونوں میں کوئی فرق نہیں ہے

(c)اسم ذات صرف جانداروں کے لیے آتا ہے

(d)اسم صفت ہمیشہ معرفہ ہوتا ہے

29. دفتری اصطلاح "Sub-judice" کا قانون وانتظامیہ میں کیا مطلب ہے؟

(a)عدالت میں زیر سماعت/زیر غور عدالتی معاملہ

(b)جج کا حتمی فیصلہ

(c)خارج شدہ مقدمہ

(d)عدالتی حکم نامہ

30. "انشااور روزمرہ" کس معروف ماہر لسانیات ونقاد کی گرامر اور محاورہ پر مستند کتاب ہے؟

(a)رشید حسن خان

(b)شان الحق حقی

(c)گیان چند جین

(d)مولوی عبدالحق

31. "مرکب جاری" کی درست مثال کون سی ہے؟

(a)گھر تک

(b)زید کا قلم

(c)نیک لڑکا

(d)صبح وشام

32. "نقوش"(لاہور) کے کس مدیر نے "شخصیات نمبر" اور "آپ بیتی نمبر" شائع کر کے صحافتی تاریخ رقم کی؟

(a)محمد طفیل

(b)احمد ندیم قاسمی

(c)چراغ حسن حسرت

(d)وقار عظیم

33. انگریزی اصطلاح "Suo Moto Cognizance" کا درست ترین قانونی ودفتری اردو ترجمہ کیا ہوگا؟

(a)ازخود نوٹس/ازخود سماعت

(b)عوامی درخواست پر کارروائی

(c)عدالتی برہمی

(d)خصوصی اجازت نامہ

34. "روزمرہ" اور "محاورہ" کے درمیان بنیادی فرق کیا ہے؟

(a)روزمرہ لغوی معنوں میں استعمال ہوتا ہے جبکہ محاورہ مجازی معنوں میں

(b)محاورہ میں تبدیلی ہوسکتی ہے روزمرہ میں نہیں

(c)دونوں بالکل ایک ہی چیز ہیں

(d)روزمرہ صرف اہل زبان بولتے ہیں محاورہ کوئی بھی بنا سکتا ہے

35. "علامہ اقبال نے اپنی کس فارسی کتاب میں "جاوید نامہ" کے طرز پر افلاک کی سیر کی ہے؟"

(a)اسرار خودی

(b)پیام مشرق

(c)جاوید نامہ

(d)زبور عجم

36. "اسم مصدر" سے "اسم فاعل قیاسی" بنانے کا عمومی قاعدہ کیا ہے؟

(a)مصدر کی "نا" ہٹا کر "نے ندہ" بڑھا دینا

(b)شروع میں "الف" کا اضافہ کرنا

(c)آخر میں "ت" لگانا

(d)جمع بنا دینا

37. دفتری لفظ "Deputation" کا درست انتظامی ترجمہ کیا ہے؟

(a)عارضی برطرفی

(b)عارضی شمولیت/تفویض خدمات(ڈیپوٹیشن)

(c)مستقل تبادلہ

(d)جبری رخصت

38. "سودائے خام" محاورے کا درست مفہوم کیا ہے؟

(a)خام مال خریدنا

(b)خیالی یا ناممکن بات کی ہوس/باطل خواہش

(c)سستا سودا کرنا

(d)کاروبار میں نقصان ہونا

39. "کشف المحجوب" (حضرت داتا گنج بخش) کا اردو ترجمہ سب سے پہلے کس نے شائع کیا؟

(a)مولوی فیروز الدین

(b)علامہ گنگوہی

(c)حکیم محمد حسین ضیائی

(d)پروفیسر محمد منور

40. "لف و نشر" علم بدیع کی ایک صنعت ہے۔اس کی دو بنیادی اقسام کون سی ہیں؟

(a)مرتب اور غیر مرتب(معکوس)

(b)لغوی اور اصطلاحی

(c)جلی اور خفی

(d)قریب اور بعید

SECTION-III	(English)	50 Marks

Synonyms (5 Marks)

Choose the correct synonym for the given word.

41. **Sesquipedalian**
(a) Pedestrian (b) Polysyllabic (c) Concise (d) Laconic

42. **Tergiversation**
(a) Equivocation (b) Veracity (c) Steadfastness (d) Candor

43. **Defenestration**
(a) Renovation (b) Expulsion/Dismissal (c) Preservation (d) Incarceration

44. **Prolegomenon**
(a) Epilogue (b) Prefatory remarks (c) Conclusion (d) Anachronism

45. **Synecdoche**
    (a) Figure of speech where a part represents the whole
    (b) Direct logical contradiction
    (c) Grammatical error
    (d) Repetition of vowel sounds

Antonyms (5 Marks)

Choose the correct antonym for the given word.

46. **Refractory**
    (a) Recalcitrant (b) Obstinate (c) Submissive (d) Intractable
47. **Truculent**
    (a) Ferocious (b) Belligerent (c) Genial (d) Pugnacious
48. **Nefarious**
    (a) Flagitious (b) Exemplary (c) Iniquitous (d) Heinous
49. **Pusillanimous**
    (a) Craven (b) Magnanimous (c) Timorous (d) Recreant
50. **Perspicuous**
    (a) Lucid (b) Obscure (c) Intelligible (d) Transparent

Grammar, Structural & Semantic Nuances (22 Marks)

Choose the option that resolves the complex structural, syntactic, or semantic trap.

51. Identify the sentence that correctly avoids a subterranean grammatical trap:
    (a) Neither the Prime Minister nor his cabinet ministers was aware of the covert operation.
    (b) Neither the Prime Minister nor his cabinet ministers were aware of the covert operation.
    (c) Neither the cabinet ministers nor the Prime Minister were aware of the covert operation.
    (d) Neither the cabinet ministers nor the Prime Minister have been aware of the covert operation.
52. Select the sentence with flawless usage of the absolute construction:
    (a) The storm having passed, we decided to resume our journey across the pass.
    (b) Having passed the storm, the journey was resumed by us across the pass.
    (c) The storm passed, we decided to resume our journey across the pass.
    (d) Passing the storm, our journey was resumed across the pass.
53. Identify the subtle semantic error:
    (a) The prosecutor implied from the evidence that the suspect was present at the crime scene.
    (b) The jury inferred from the evidence that the suspect was present at the crime scene.
    (c) The prosecutor implied that the suspect was present at the crime scene.
    (d) The judge inferred that the witness was being evasive.
54. Which sentence contains a correctly resolved "raising construction" with a complex matrix verb?
    (a) The minister appears to have been misinformed by his subordinates.
    (b) It appears the minister to have been misinformed by his subordinates.
    (c) The minister appears that he was misinformed by his subordinates.
    (d) Misinformed appears the minister to have been by subordinates.
55. Choose the option with correct punctuation involving an elliptical clause:
    (a) John completed the assignment in two hours; Mary, in three.
    (b) John completed the assignment in two hours: Mary in three.
    (c) John completed the assignment in two hours, Mary, in three.
    (d) John completed the assignment in two hours; Mary in three.
56. Identify the sentence featuring a correct subjunctive in a counterfactual conditional embedded in past context:
    (a) Had he not succumbed to pressure, the treaty would not have been ratified.
    (b) If he had not succumbed to pressure, the treaty would not be ratified yesterday.
    (c) Had he not succumbed to pressure, the treaty had not been ratified.
    (d) Were he not to succumb to pressure, the treaty would not have been ratified then.
57. Select the sentence with no subtle error in subject-verb agreement involving fused participles/gerunds:
    (a) Him winning the prestigious scholarship surprised the entire faculty.
    (b) His winning the prestigious scholarship surprised the entire faculty.
    (c) He winning the prestigious scholarship surprised the entire faculty.
    (d) His winning of the prestigious scholarship were surprising to faculty.
58. Choose the sentence with immaculate placement of restrictive vs. non-restrictive relative clauses:

(a) The manuscripts, which were housed in the ancient library, survived the fire, but those stored in the annex were destroyed.
(b) The manuscripts that were housed in the ancient library survived the fire, but those stored in the annex were destroyed.
(c) The manuscripts, that were housed in the ancient library, survived the fire.
(d) The manuscripts which were housed in the ancient library, survived the fire.

59. Identify the sentence free from faulty coordination or subordinator misuse:
(a) He was not only brilliant, but also he was remarkably humble.
(b) Not only was he brilliant, but he was also remarkably humble.
(c) He was not only brilliant, but remarkably humble as well.
(d) Not only he was brilliant, but also remarkably humble.

60. Select the option with the correct case of the pronoun following a prepositional comparison:
(a) No scholar in the department is more versed in jurisprudence than he.
(b) No scholar in the department is more versed in jurisprudence than him.
(c) No scholar in the department is as versed in jurisprudence than he.
(d) No scholar in the department is more versed in jurisprudence than his.

61. Identify the structural flaw in the following sentence: *"Simulation is Baudrillard's main concern, as even democracy needs exhibitionism and media twisting, authoritarianism is part of it."*
(a) Run-on / Comma Splice
(b) Dangling modifier
(c) Faulty parallelism
(d) Subject-verb disagreement

62. Choose the sentence that avoids an illegal split infinitive while maintaining natural cadence:
(a) The diplomat attempted to thoroughly re-examine the ambiguous clauses.
(b) The diplomat attempted thoroughly to re-examine the ambiguous clauses.
(c) The diplomat attempted to re-examine the ambiguous clauses thoroughly.
(d) Thoroughly attempted the diplomat to re-examine the ambiguous clauses.

63. Identify the correct usage of "unexceptionable" vs "unexceptional":
(a) His performance was so unexceptionable that no critic could find a single fault.
(b) His performance was so unexceptional that everyone praised his extraordinary talent.
(c) The film was unexceptionable, rendering it completely mundane and forgettable.
(d) Her conduct was unexceptional, leaving room for severe moral condemnation.

64. Select the option that rectifies the faulty parallelism in sentence 53 of the MPT past paper style:
(a) The company values innovation, teamwork, and taking risks.
(b) The company values innovation, teamwork, and risk-taking.
(c) The company values to innovate, teamwork, and risk-taking.
(d) The company values innovation, teamworking, and to take risks.

65. Identify the subtle error in the sentence: *"The reason why he resigned was because he was dissatisfied."*
(a) Incorrect relative pronoun
(b) Redundant expression ("reason why... was because")
(c) Incorrect past participle
(d) Misplaced modifier

66. Select the sentence with flawless hyphenation in complex multi-word modifiers preceding a noun:
(a) The once-in-a-lifetime opportunity was missed due to bureaucratic red tape.
(b) The once in a lifetime opportunity was missed due to bureaucratic red tape.
(c) The once-in a-lifetime opportunity was missed due to bureaucratic red tape.
(d) The once in a-lifetime opportunity was missed due to bureaucratic red tape.

67. Identify the correct sentence using "no sooner... than":
(a) No sooner had the minister stepped off the platform when the explosion occurred.
(b) No sooner had the minister stepped off the platform than the explosion occurred.
(c) No sooner the minister had stepped off the platform than the explosion occurred.
(d) No sooner had the minister stepped off the platform then the explosion occurred.

68. Choose the correct usage of the modal past counterfactual:
(a) You ought to have submitted the proposal yesterday.
(b) You ought to submit the proposal yesterday.
(c) You had ought to submit the proposal yesterday.

(d) You oughted to have submitted the proposal yesterday.

69. Identify the sentence containing a "dangling participle" trap:
    (a) Upon reading the classified dossier, several discrepancies became apparent to the analyst.
    (b) Upon reading the classified dossier, the analyst discovered several discrepancies.
    (c) Reading the classified dossier, several discrepancies were uncovered by the analyst.
    (d) Having read the dossier, discrepancies were noted by the analyst.
70. Choose the grammatically precise expression:
    (a) He is one of those officers who never compromises on principles.
    (b) He is one of those officers who never compromise on principles.
    (c) He is one of those officer who never compromise on principles.
    (d) He is the one of those officers who never compromise on principles.
71. Select the correct semantic distinction for "flout" vs "flaunt":
    (a) She decided to flout her wealth by purchasing extravagant jewelry.
    (b) The totalitarian regime chose to flout international human rights conventions.
    (c) He flouted his military medals in front of the press.
    (d) They flaunted the traffic rules without any fear of prosecution.
72. Identify the correct use of "different from" vs "different than" in formal prose:
    (a) The current economic crisis is radically different from the one experienced in 2008.
    (b) The current economic crisis is radically different than the one experienced in 2008.
    (c) The current economic crisis is radically different to what we experienced in 2008.
    (d) Both (a) and (b) are equally preferred in formal academic prose.

Prepositions (3 Marks)

Fill in the blanks with the correct prepositions.

73. The magistrate exonerated the official _____ all allegations of corruption and reinstated him _____ his former post.
    (a) from, to (b) of, to (c) with, in (d) against, at
74. The policy was implemented in contravention _____ established judicial precedent and resulted _____ widespread administrative chaos.
    (a) of, in (b) to, into (c) with, to (d) against, with
75. He remains impervious _____ constructive criticism, persisting _____ his erroneous trajectory despite warnings.
    (a) to, in (b) against, with (c) for, at (d) with, on

Idioms & Phrases (5 Marks)

Choose the exact contextual meaning of the given obscure/tricky idioms.

76. **To sell wolf tickets**:
    (a) To engage in fraudulent commercial activity
    (b) To make aggressive threats or boasts without intention to back them up
    (c) To sell illegally poached goods
    (d) To display exceptional cunning in negotiations
77. **The carrots are cooked**:
    (a) Dinner is ready to be served
    (b) The situation is hopeless / ruined beyond repair
    (c) A compromise has been achieved
    (d) Financial assets have been liquidized
78. **Emit smoke from seven orifices**:
    (a) To suffer from acute respiratory illness
    (b) To be in a state of extreme, uncontrollable rage
    (c) To consume intoxicating substances
    (d) To speak with deceptive eloquence
79. **To hoist with one's own petard**:
    (a) To be promoted beyond competency
    (b) To be harmed by one's own plan intended to harm others
    (c) To raise a flag of surrender
    (d) To act with excessive hubris
80. **As clear as a dumpling broth**:
    (a) Completely transparent and obvious
    (b) Entirely obscure, murky, or confusing

(c) Moderately clear
(d) Highly palatable

Reading Comprehension (10 Marks)

Passage 1 (Questions 41–45)

Baudrillardian hyperreality posits that in contemporary postmodern society, the boundary separating the representation from the real has dissolved, giving rise to a realm of pure simulacra—signs that refer exclusively to other signs rather than an underlying objective reality. In this framework, media saturation does not merely distort reality; it actively replaces it. The "precession of simulacra" dictates that the simulation precedes and generates the real, rendering conventional notions of authenticity obsolete. Consequently, political discourse, cultural artifacts, and individual identity cease to operate as mirrors of authentic human experience; instead, they function as self-referential loops within an all-encompassing cybernetic network.

81. In Baudrillard's theoretical framework, "simulacra" are defined as:
    (a) Accurate visual representations of physical reality
    (b) Signs that refer exclusively to other signs rather than an objective reality
    (c) Distortion of news caused by state censorship
    (d) Philosophical proofs validating empirical realism
82. What does the "precession of simulacra" imply regarding reality?
    (a) Reality precedes and shapes media representations.
    (b) The simulation precedes and generates what is perceived as real.
    (c) Media representations have no impact on human cognition.
    (d) Authenticity can be restored through rigorous media regulation.
83. According to the text, media saturation results in:
    (a) A clearer understanding of political truths (b) The active replacement of reality by simulation (c) The reinforcement of objective truth (d) The decline of technological networks
84. The word **"obsolete"** in the passage is closest in meaning to:
    (a) Essential (b) Archaic/Outdated (c) Paramount (d) Resilient
85. Modern political discourse, according to the author's synthesis of Baudrillard, operates as:
    (a) A direct reflection of public will
    (b) A self-referential loop within a hyperreal network
    (c) An objective search for moral consensus
    (d) A transparent ideological mechanism

Passage 2 (Questions 46–50)

Quantum decoherence provides a mechanism for explaining the transition from the probabilistic, superpositioned regime of quantum mechanics to the deterministic, classical reality observed macroscopically. When a quantum system interacts with its surrounding environment, the quantum phase coherence between superpositioned states rapidly dissipates into environmental degrees of freedom. Crucially, decoherence does not solve the ontological "measurement problem"—it does not collapse the wave function into a single definite outcome—but rather explains why quantum interference effects become unobservable at macroscopic scales. Thus, classicality emerges as an apparent phenomenon mediated by environmental entanglement.

86. What fundamental physical transition does quantum decoherence explain?
    (a) The collapse of the physical universe into pure energy
    (b) The transition from quantum superposition to macroscopically observed classical behavior
    (c) The creation of matter from vacuum fluctuations
    (d) The conversion of classical gravity into quantum entanglement
87. According to the passage, what happens to quantum phase coherence during environment interaction?
    (a) It is permanently amplified.
    (b) It dissipates into environmental degrees of freedom.
    (c) It causes immediate wave function collapse into a single state.
    (d) It transforms into electromagnetic radiation.
88. What distinction does the author make regarding decoherence and the "measurement problem"?
    (a) Decoherence fully solves the measurement problem by collapsing the wave function.
    (b) Decoherence does not resolve the ontological measurement problem; it merely explains the loss of observable interference.
    (c) Decoherence proves that wave functions do not exist.
    (d) The measurement problem was disproved prior to decoherence theory.
89. How does classical reality emerge according to the text?
    (a) As an absolute, independent fundamental truth

(b) As an apparent phenomenon mediated by environmental entanglement
(c) Through direct human conscious observation only
(d) Via macroscopic gravitational collapse exclusively

90. The term **"dissipates"** as used in the passage most nearly means:
(a) Concentrates (b) Scatters / Disperses (c) Solidifies (d) Reasssembles

SECTION-IV	(General Ability)	60 Marks

91. Two numbers are respectively 20% and 50% more than a third number. The ratio of the two numbers is:
(A) 2:5
(B) 3:5
(C) 4:5
(D) 6:7

92. If a man stands upside down with his face toward south, where will his left-hand point?
(A) East
(B) West
(C) North
(D) South

93. The sum of three consecutive numbers is given, what is the difference between first and third number?
(A) 1
(B) 3
(C) 2
(D) None of these

94. What number has to be added to each term of 3 : 5 to make the ratio 5 : 6?
(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 12
(D) None of these

95. The ratio of the ages of two students is 3 : 2. One is older than the other by 5 years. What is the age of the younger student?
(A) 2 years
(B) 10 years
(C) 15 years
(D) None of these

96. The mean proportional of 0.25 and 0.04 is …
(A) 0.01
(B) 0.1
(C) $10\sqrt{10}$
(D) None of these

97. The ratio of A's and B's salary is 9 : 4. If A's salary is increased by 15%, then his total salary becomes Rs 5175. What is the salary of B?
(A) Rs 2000
(B) Rs 4000
(C) Rs 4500
(D) None of these

98. How is ½ % expressed as a decimal fraction?
(A) 0.005
(B) 0.05
(C) 0.5
(D) None of these

99. In an examination, 65% of the total examinees passed. If the number of failures is 420, the total number of examinees is _____
(A) 500
(B) 1000
(C) 1200
(D) None of these

100. 9% of 64 + 32 % of 90=?
   (A) 34.56
   (B) 40
   (C) 45
   (D) None of these
101. In 1 KG mixture of sand and iron, 20% is iron. How much sand should be added so that proportion of iron becomes 10%?
   (A) 1 Kg
   (B) 200 gms
   (C) 500 gms
   (D) None of these
102. The mean of 100 items was found to be 30. If at the time of calculation, two items were wrongly taken as 32 and 12 instead of 23 and 11. The correct mean is ____
   (A) 29.7
   (B) 29.8
   (C) 29.9
   (D) None of these

103. If the arithmetic mean of 6 numbers is 45, what is the total sum of these numbers?
   (A) 27
   (B) 45
   (C) 65
   (D) None of these
104. In a class of 52 students, the number of boys is two less than the number of girls. Average weight of the boys is 42 Kg, while the average weight of all students is 40 Kg. Approximately what is the average weight of girls?
   (A) 38 Kg
   (B) 40 Kg
   (C) 42 Kg
   (D) None of these
105. The average of 7 consecutive numbers is 20. The largest of these numbers is…
   (A) 22
   (B) 23
   (C) 24
   (D) None of these
106. What is the greatest possible length of a scale that can be used to measure exactly the lengths 3m, 5m 10cm and 12m 90cm?
   (A) 30 cm
   (B) 20 cm
   (C) 10 cm
   (D) None of these
107. What is the least number to be added to 631 to make it a perfect square?
   (A) 25
   (B) 30
   (C) 45
   (D) None of these
108. A number, when 35 is subtracted from it, reduces to its 80 percent. What is Four-Fifth of that number?
   (A) 70
   (B) 90
   (C) 120
   (D) 140
109. How many numbers up to 100 are divisible by 7?
   (A) 14
   (B) 107
   (C) 93
   (D) None of these
110. A father said to his son, “I was as old as you are at the present at the time of your birth”. If the father’s age is 38 years now, the son’s age five years back was?

a) 14 years
b) 19 years
c) 33 years
d) 38 years

111. I drove south for 6km, then turned left and drove for 2km, then turned right and drove for 4km, then again turned right and turned 2km. How far am I from the starting point?
a) 8km
b) 5km
c) 4km
d) 10km

112. Two-Fifth of One-Third of Three-Seventh of a number is 15. What is 40% of that number?
a) 72
b) 84
c) 136
d) None of these

113. If a doctor gave you 4 tablets and advised you to take tablet every half an hour, how long will you take to eat all the tablets?
a) 2 hours
b) 2.5 hours
c) 1.5 hours
d) None of these

114. Which of the following is not a perfect square?
a) 225
b) 64
c) 216
d) 121

115. A man is standing at number six from the front side of a row and 15th from the other side of the row. How many persons are standing in the row?
a) 21
b) 19
c) 22
d) 20

116. A person sells his mobile with 2% profit. If he purchased it in Rs. 20,000, find the profit.
a) Rs. 400
b) Rs. 20,400
c) Rs. 800
d) Rs. 20,800

117. $\frac{x}{4}+\frac{2x}{5}=\frac{13}{20}$ Find the value of 'x'.
a) 13
b) 2
c) 1
d) None

118. If a bike travels 90 Km with 2 liters of petrol, then how many distance will be covered by bike with 5 liters of petrol?
a) 450 Km
b) 250 Km
c) 225 Km
d) 500 Km

119. Father's age is 60 years while the age of son is 15 years. Find the ratio between the age of the son and that of father.
a) 4:1
b) 1:4
c) 1:3
d) 3:1

120. A father's age is 3 times the age of his son. If four years ago, the age of father was 4 times than the age of his son. Then, what is the age of son now?
a) 10 years
b) 12 years

c) 8 years
d) 9 years

121. Which of the following comprises of two radii?
a) Circumference
b) Chord
c) Sector
d) None of these

122. Sum of all angles around a main point equal to
a) 360^0
b) 180^0
c) 270^0
d) 90^0

123. 20% of 25% of 100 is:
a) 25
b) 5
c) 20
d) 2

124. If the length of a rectangle is 4 times its width, and if its area is 144, what is its perimeter?
a) 40
b) 60
c) 75
d) 90

125. If South-east becomes North, North-East becomes west and so on. What will West become?
a) North-east
b) North-west
c) South-east
d) South-west

126. Ten men made 60 fans in a month. How many men will make 180 fans in two months?
a) 12
b) 15
c) 20
d) 30

127. If takes 2 minutes to boil a single egg. How many minutes will it take to boil 5 eggs together?
a) 5 minutes
b) 7 minutes
c) 2 minutes
d) 10 minutes

128. The age of the baby will be 5 times after 20 years. The present age of this baby is _____.
a) 4 years
b) 5 years
c) 3 years
d) 2 years

129. A person purchased a TV in Rs. 3000 and sells it with 2% loss. Find the selling price.
a) Rs. 60
b) Rs. 3060
c) Rs. 2940
d) Rs. 2400

130. The price of a mobile has increased from Rs. 200,000 to Rs. 300,000. What is the percentage increases?
A. 30%
B. 20%
C. 50%
D. 100%

131. Angle is made by two ..... originating from a single point.
A. Rays
B. Lines
C. Circles

D. Sectors

132. A ladder is standing with a wall. If the height of wall is 12 feet and that of ladder is 13 feet, then what will be the distance between the wall and the ladder?
A. 25 feet
B. 5 feet
C. 1 feet
D. None of these

133. P, Q and R have share in a business with ratio of 2:3:5. If they earn a profit of Rs. 75000, find the smallest share in this profit.
A. Rs. 15000
B. Rs. 22500
C. Rs. 37500
D. None of these

134. 2/5 of whose number is 600?
A. 1500
B. 240
C. 60
D. None of these

135. Find the volume of a cube whose length is equals to 11 cm.
A. 121 cm^2
B. 33 cm^3
C. 22 cm^3
D. 1331 cm^3

136. Three men paint six houses in a week. How many houses will be painted by 10 men in two weeks?
A. 40
B. 30
C. 25
D. 50

137. In a population of 220 million, 70% of the population has been vaccinated. Find the number of people who are not vaccinated yet.
A. 154 million
B. 66 million
C. 144 million
D. None of these

138. The ratio between pass and fail students of a class is 7:5. If there are 36 students in the class then find the number of failed students.
A. 7
B. 18
C. 15
D. None of these

139. Who invented '0'?
A. Brahmagupta
B. Aryabhata
C. Al-Khwarizmi
D. Al Kindi

140. What is the supplement of 60^0?
A. 30^0
B. -60^0
C. 120^0
D. 90^0

141. Find out the wrong number in the series: 1, 1, 2, 6, 24, 96, 720.
(a) 6
(b) 24
(c) 96
(d) 720

142. Find the one which does not belong to that group.
(a) Pakistan: Rupee
(b) America: Dollar

(c) Kuwait: Dinar
(d) Australia: Pound

143. Find the one which does not belong to that group.
(a) Regiment
(b) Lieutenant
(c) Colonel
(d) Major

144. Find the one which does not belong to that group.
(a) Square
(b) Triangle
(c) Circle
(d) Cube

145. A, B and C together earn Rs.150 per day while A and C together earn Rs.94 and B and C together earn Rs.76. The daily earning of C is _____?
(a) 10 Rs.
(b) 15 Rs.
(c) 20 Rs.
(d) 25 Rs.

146. Find the one which does not belong to that group.
(a) 30
(b) 27
(c) 36
(d) 45

147. Mr. and Mrs. Sajjad have seven daughters. Each daughter has one brother. What is the total number of persons in the family?
(a) 14
(b) 10
(c) 15
(d) 12

148. A shepherd had 15 sheep, all sheep died except 9, then how many sheep he has?
(a) 6
(b) 9
(c) 10
(d) 12

149. 5 cats eat 5 mice in 5 minutes, then in how many minutes 2 cat will eat 2 mice?
(a) 2 min
(b) 1 min
(c) 5 min
(d) 10 min

150. Some boys are sitting in a row. P is sitting fourteenth from the left and Q is seventh from the right. If there are four boys between P and Q, how many boys are there in the row?
(a) 25
(b) 23
(c) 21
(d) 19

SECTION-V	(GENERAL KNOWLEDGE)	50 Marks

151. Which organelle is known as the powerhouse of the cell?
A. Nucleus
B. Ribosome
C. Mitochondria
D. Golgi apparatus

152. Which vitamin is mainly produced in the skin in the presence of sunlight?
A. Vitamin A
B. Vitamin B
C. Vitamin C
D. Vitamin D

153. What is the chemical symbol for sodium?
A. So
B. Sd
C. Na
D. S

154. Which planet is known as the Red Planet?
A. Venus
B. Mars
C. Jupiter
D. Mercury

155. Which blood cells help fight infections?
A. Red blood cells
B. White blood cells
C. Platelets
D. Plasma cells

156. What is the boiling point of water at standard atmospheric pressure?
A. 0°C
B. 50°C
C. 100°C
D. 212°C

157. Which acid is present in the stomach?
A. Sulfuric acid
B. Nitric acid
C. Hydrochloric acid
D. Carbonic acid

158. Which process converts liquid water into water vapor?
A. Condensation
B. Freezing
C. Evaporation
D. Sublimation

159. Which force keeps planets in orbit around the Sun?
A. Magnetic force
B. Frictional force
C. Gravitational force
D. Nuclear force

160. Which layer of the atmosphere contains the ozone layer?
A. Troposphere
B. Stratosphere
C. Mesosphere
D. Thermosphere

161. Before Pakistan adopted its first indigenous Constitution in 1956, its constitutional governance largely relied on an adapted version of the:
A) Government of India Act 1919
B) Government of India Act 1935
C) Indian Councils Act 1909
D) Cabinet Mission Plan

162. Pakistan's climate diplomacy gained greater international prominence after the 2022 floods, particularly around demands that vulnerable developing countries receive compensation for irreversible climate-related:
A) Loss and Damage
B) Monetary tightening
C) Trade diversion
D) Carbon tariffs

163. The Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946 attempted to maintain an Indian Union while providing considerable autonomy to provincial groupings. Which prominent British politician was a member of the mission?
A) Stafford Cripps

B) Clement Attlee
C) Lord Mountbatten
D) Cyril Radcliffe

164. The CASA-1000 and TAPI projects are strategically important for Pakistan because both seek to enhance Pakistan's economic connectivity principally with:
A) Central Asia
B) Southeast Asia
C) Western Europe
D) East Africa

165. The National Economic Council under Pakistan's constitutional structure primarily deals with matters concerning:
A) Economic planning and development
B) Appointment of judges
C) Electoral constituencies
D) Foreign treaties

166. Pakistan's nuclear tests of May 1998 were conducted in Chagai district, located in which province?
A) Sindh
B) Balochistan
C) Punjab
D) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

167. Pakistan's current IMF-supported reform agenda places substantial emphasis on fiscal consolidation. In practical terms, fiscal consolidation primarily seeks to:
A) Reduce persistent fiscal imbalances through revenue and expenditure reforms
B) Increase money supply without restrictions
C) Eliminate international trade
D) Replace monetary policy with fiscal policy

168. The constitutional importance of the Council of Common Interests lies principally in its role in managing relations between:
A) Executive and judiciary
B) Federation and provinces
C) National Assembly and Senate
D) Government and opposition

169. 9. Pakistan's energy security remains particularly vulnerable to instability around the Persian Gulf because a large share of globally traded petroleum passes through the:
A) Strait of Hormuz
B) Strait of Gibraltar
C) Bering Strait
D) Bosporus

170. The 18th Amendment altered Pakistan's governance structure by transferring numerous responsibilities from the federal government to:
A) Judiciary
B) Provincial governments
C) District courts
D) Armed forces

171. The Indus Waters Treaty largely assigned the Ravi, Beas and Sutlej rivers for unrestricted use by:
A) Pakistan
B) India
C) Afghanistan
D) China

172. Pakistan's participation in both the Economic Cooperation Organization and Shanghai Cooperation Organisation gives it an important institutional platform for strengthening relations with:
A) Central Asian republics
B) Scandinavian countries
C) Latin America
D) Pacific Island states

173. The National Finance Commission differs from the Council of Common Interests because the NFC is principally concerned with:

A) Distribution of financial resources
B) Appointment of provincial governors
C) Foreign affairs
D) Judicial review

174. The China-Pakistan Economic Corridor connects Gwadar with western China, particularly the autonomous region of:
A) Tibet
B) Xinjiang
C) Ningxia
D) Inner Mongolia

175. Pakistan's security concerns regarding Afghanistan include the presence and activities of the Tehreek-e-Taliban Pakistan. The abbreviation commonly used for the organization is:
A) TTP
B) TTA
C) TLP
D) TNSM

176. Which geographical feature provides the principal overland connection between Pakistan and China and represents one of the world's highest paved international border crossings?
A) Bolan Pass
B) Khunjerab Pass
C) Khyber Pass
D) Lowari Pass

177. Pakistan's advocacy regarding Kashmir continues to refer to historical resolutions adopted primarily by which organ of the United Nations?
A) International Court of Justice
B) Security Council
C) UNESCO
D) ECOSOC

178. One major purpose of IMF structural reforms in Pakistan's energy sector is to address the accumulation of unpaid obligations across producers, distributors and government entities, commonly described as:
A) Circular debt
B) Sovereign premium
C) Current account gap
D) Capital flight

179. Pakistan's location between energy-rich Central Asia and the Arabian Sea provides the strategic rationale for projects such as TAPI and CASA-1000 under the broader concept of:
A) Regional economic connectivity
B) Strategic isolation
C) Import substitution only
D) Monetary integration

180. Which combination most accurately represents three contemporary issues with significant implications for Pakistan's national security and foreign policy?
A) Climate vulnerability, regional militancy and water security
B) Arctic territorial disputes, Amazon deforestation and Eurozone enlargement
C) Antarctic mining, Baltic fisheries and Caribbean integration
D) Pacific island sovereignty, Scandinavian migration and Mercosur expansion

181. The 2026 NATO Summit in Ankara was held on:
A) 1–2 July 2026
B) 7–8 July 2026
C) 15–16 August 2026
D) 20–21 June 2026

182. The 2025 India-Pakistan military confrontation culminated in an immediate ceasefire announced on:
A) 7 May 2025
B) 8 May 2025
C) 10 May 2025
D) 12 May 2025

183. The 27th Constitutional Amendment of Pakistan, passed in 2025, was particularly significant because it provided for the establishment of a:
A) Federal Shariat Court
B) Federal Constitutional Court
C) National Economic Court
D) Federal Election Court

184. Which country chaired the Shanghai Cooperation Organization when the 2025 summit was held in Tianjin?
A) Russia
B) China
C) India
D) Kazakhstan

185. The 2025 BRICS Summit was hosted by:
A) China
B) Russia
C) Brazil
D) India

186. The Makah defense pact has been compared most directly with which NATO principle?
A) Article 1
B) Article 3
C) Article 5
D) Article 10

187. Which telecom operators purchased 5G spectrum in Pakistan's March 2026 auction?
A. Telenor, Jazz, and Ufone
B. Jazz, Zong, and Ufone
C. Telenor, Zong, and Jazz
D. Ufone, Telenor, and Zong

188. Which Pakistani Defence Minister declared an 'open war' against Afghanistan in late February 2026?
A. Asif Ali Zardari
B. Khawaja Asif
C. Rana Sanaullah
D. D. Pervez Khatta

189. Who is the Current Prime Minister of AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR?
A. Raja Faisal Mumtaz Rathore
B. Chaudhry Anwar-ul-Haq
C. Sardar Tanveer Ilyas
D. Sardar Muhammad Yaqoob Khan

190. When did Pakistan operationalized Gwadar Port for Afghan transit trade?
A. 21 March 2010
B. 14 January 2020
C. 8 August 2015
D. 16 April 2013

191. The 2025 India-Pakistan Conflict was a brief armed Conflict that began on?
A. 22 April, 2025
B. 7 May, 2025
C. 10 June, 2025
D. 14 July, 2025

192. 12. What does the word "Bunyan" mean in Arabic?
A. Garden
B. Building or structure
C. Wall of fire
D. Path

193. 13. Who is the current Chairperson of the Benazir Income Support Programme (BISP)?
A. Sania Nishtar
B. Rubina Khalid
C. Shazia Marri
D. Hina Rabbani Khar

194. 14. Which AI model version was recently launched in early 2026, improving software plugins and reasoning?

A. GPT-4o
B. Claude 3
C. GPT-5.4
D. Gemini 2.0

195. 15. What is the theme for World Water Day, observed on March 22, 2026?
A. Groundwater: Making the Invisible Visible
B. Accelerating Change
C. Water and Gender
D. Water for Peace

196. 16. Who was elected as Iran's new Supreme Leader following Ali Khamenei's death?
A. Abbas Araghchi
B. Masoud Pezeshkian
C. Mojtaba Khamenei
D. Ebrahim Raisi

197. 17. The US sank which Iranian warship in the Indian Ocean on March 4, 2026?
A. IRIS Sahand
B. IRIS Dena
C. IRIS Sabalan
D. IRIS Alborz

198. 18. In 2026, the Russia-Ukraine war is entering which year of active fighting.
A. 3rd
B. 4th
C. 5th
D. 2nd

199. 19. Prime Minister of Bangladesh Tarique Rahman belongs to which political party?
A. Awami League
B. Jatiya Party
C. Bangladesh Jamaat-e-Islami
D. Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP)

200. 20. The last Shah of Iran was??
A. Mohammad Reza Shah Pahlavi
B. Muhammad Ali Shah
C. Ahmed Shah
D. None of these