CSS MPT MOCK-II

Note: Select the correct answer and Fill in the appropriate Box □ on the Answer Sheet

TIME: 200 Minutes

SECTION-I	(اسلامیات)	**20 Marks**

1. The Nisab of Zakat on silver is:
   (a) 40 Tolas
   (b) 50 Tolas
   (c) 50½ Tolas
   (d) 52½ Tolas
2. The Prophet (PBUH) appointed Hazrat Muaz bin Jabal as governor of:
   (a) Kufa
   (b) Makkah
   (c) Madina
   (d) Yemen
3. What was the name of the foster sister of the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?
   (a) Hazrat Salma (R.A.)
   (b) Hazrat Ruqayyah (R.A.)
   (c) Hazrat Mariyah (R.A.)
   (d) Hazrat Shima (R.A.)
4. Namaz-e-Istisqa is the prayer for:
   (a) Blessing of God
   (b) Pardon
   (c) Rain
   (d) Sleep
5. Makkah was conquered in:
   (a) 5 A.H.
   (b) 10 A.H.
   (c) 2 A.H.
   (d) 8 A.H.
6. Qurbani during Hajj is made at:
   (a) Arafat
   (b) Mina
   (c) Muzdalifa
   (d) Safa
7. Jami-ul-Quran is associated with:
   (a) Hazrat Ali
   (b) Hazrat Saad
   (c) Hazrat Usman
   (d) Hazrat Masood
8. The Pious Caliphate lasted for about:
   (a) Eighteen years
   (b) Twenty years
   (c) Thirty years
   (d) Five years
9. The gathering on Arafat during Hajj takes place on:
   (a) 9th Dhul-Hijjah
   (b) 10th Dhul-Hijjah
   (c) 11th Dhul-Hijjah
   (d) None of these
10. The first female market controller of Madina appointed by Hazrat Umar was:
    (a) Samra bint Nuhaik
    (b) Al-Shifa bint Abdullah
    (c) Khawla bint Al-Azwar
    (d) None of these
11. The number of members in the committee constituted by Hazrat Umar to elect the next Caliph was:

(a) 6
(b) 4
(c) 8
(d) 5

12. Who was the author of *Islam at the Crossroads*?
(a) Talal Asad
(b) Abdullah Yusuf Ali
(c) Muhammad Asad
l(d) None of these

13. What is called Zulm-e-Azeem (the greatest injustice) in the Quran?
(a) Murder
(b) Shirk
(c) Adultery
(d) None of these

14. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) performed his last Hajj in:
(a) 8 A.H.
(b) 9 A.H.
(c) 10 A.H.
(d) None of these

15. The last Ghazwa participated in which Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was:
(a) Tabuk
(b) Hunain
(c) Badr
(d) None of these

16. The Khutba of Hajj was delivered at:
(a) Masjid Khaif
(b) Masjid al-Haram
(c) Masjid-e-Nimra
(d) None of these

17. Which Surah of the Quran does not begin with Bismillah?
(a) Al-Nahl
(b) Surah At-Tawbah
(c) Al-Ahzab
(d) Al-Noor

18. The number of Surahs containing Huroof Muqatta'at is:
(a) 2 Surahs
(b) 9 Surahs
(c) 19 Surahs
(d) 29 Surahs

19. How many times did Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) perform Umrah?
(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) Four

20. A verse of the Holy Quran explicitly indicates the name of:
(a) Hazrat Zaid
(b) Hazrat Umar
(c) Hazrat Usman
(d) Hazrat Abu Bakr

SECTION-II	**(اردو)**	**20 Marks**

21. "صنعت ایہام" سے کیا مراد ہے اور اس کی کلاسیکی مثال کس کے کلام میں سب سے نمایاں ہے؟

(a) ایسا لفظ لانا جس کے دو معنی (قریب و بعید) ہوں اور مراد بعید ہو

(b) شعر میں دو متضاد الفاظ جمع کرنا۔ میر تقی میر

(c) بغیر نقطوں کے شعر کرنا۔ فیض

(d)غیر عربی الفاظ کا استعمال کرنا-غالب

شاکر ناجی وایہام گو شعراء

22. دفتری اصطلاح "Up-gradation of Post" کا نوٹیفکیشن جاری کرتے وقت درست اردو اصطلاح کیا لکھی جاتی ہے؟

(a)ترفیع عہدہ

(b)ارتقائے اسامی/ارتقائے عہدہ

(c)تبادلہ اسامی

(d)تجدید اسامی

23. اردو کی پہلی تاریخ ادب "آبِ حیات"(محمد حسین آزاد) کتنے ادوار پر مشتمل ہے؟

(a)تین ادوار

(b)چار ادوار

(c)پانچ ادوار

(d)چھ ادوار

24. انگریزی محاورے "To beat about the bush" کے لیے اردو کا سب سے قریب ترین اور مستعمل محاورہ کون سا ہے؟

(a)جھاڑیوں میں تیر چلانا

(b)ادھر ادھر کی بات/اصل بات سے گریز کرنا

(c)جنگل میں منگل کرنا

(d)بلاوجہ بحث کرنا

25. "مستزاد" قواعد وعلم شعر میں کس قسم کی نظم یا غزل کو کہا جاتا ہے؟

(a)جس کے ہر مصرعے کے بعد ایک موزوں چھوٹا ٹکڑا زائد لگایا جائے

(b)جس کے تمام مصرعے برابر نہ ہوں

(c)جس میں قافیہ نہ ہو

(d)دو زبانوں میں کہی گئی غزل

26. دفتری مراسلت میں "Charge Sheet" کا درست اردو متبادل کیا ہے؟

(a)فرد جرم/فرد الزام

(b)چالان نامہ

(c)تحریری حلف نامہ

(d)نوٹس برطرفی

27. نذیر احمد کے ناول "توبۃ النصوح" کا بنیادی موضوع اور مرکزی فلسفہ کیا ہے؟

(a)بچوں کی اخلاق ودینی تربیت اور اصلاح معاشرہ

(b)نسوانی تعلیم اور حقوق نسواں

(c)سیاسی بیداری

(d)انگریزی حکومت کی مخالفت

28. "اسم ذات" اور "اسم صفت" میں بنیادی نحوی تفریق کیا ہے؟

(a)اسم ذات اپنا وجود بذات خود قائم رکھتا ہے، جبکہ صفت کسی ذات کی محتاج ہوتی ہے

(b)دونوں میں کوئی فرق نہیں ہے

(c)اسم ذات صرف جانداروں کے لیے آتا ہے

(d)اسم صفت ہمیشہ معرفہ ہوتا ہے

29. دفتری اصطلاح "Sub-judice" کا قانون وانتظامیہ میں کیا مطلب ہے؟

(a)عدالت میں زیر سماعت/زیر غور عدالتی معاملہ

(b)جج کا حتمی فیصلہ

(c)خارج شدہ مقدمہ

(d)عدالتی حکم نامہ

30. "انشااور روزمرہ" کس معروف ماہر لسانیات ونقاد کی گرامر اور محاورہ پر مستند کتاب ہے؟

(a)رشید حسن خان

(b)شان الحق حقی

(c)گیان چند جین

(d)مولوی عبدالحق

31. "مرکب جاری" کی درست مثال کون سی ہے؟

(a)گھر تک

(b)زید کا قلم

(c)نیک لڑکا

(d)صبح وشام

32. "نقوش"(لاہور) کے کس مدیر نے "شخصیات نمبر" اور "آپ بیتی نمبر" شائع کر کے صحافتی تاریخ رقم کی؟

(a)محمد طفیل

(b)احمد ندیم قاسمی

(c)چراغ حسن حسرت

(d)وقار عظیم

33. انگریزی اصطلاح "Suo Moto Cognizance" کا درست ترین قانونی ودفتری اردو ترجمہ کیا ہوگا؟

(a)ازخود نوٹس/ازخود سماعت

(b)عوامی درخواست پر کارروائی

(c)عدالتی برہمی

(d)خصوصی اجازت نامہ

34. "روزمرہ" اور "محاورہ" کے درمیان بنیادی فرق کیا ہے؟

(a)روزمرہ لغوی معنوں میں استعمال ہوتا ہے جبکہ محاورہ مجازی معنوں میں

(b)محاورہ میں تبدیلی ہو سکتی ہے روزمرہ میں نہیں

(c)دونوں بالکل ایک ہی چیز ہیں

(d)روزمرہ صرف اہل زبان بولتے ہیں محاورہ کوئی بھی بنا سکتا ہے

35. "علامہ اقبال نے اپنی کس فارسی کتاب میں "جاوید نامہ" کے طرز پر افلاک کی سیر کی ہے؟"

(a)اسرار خودی

(b)پیام مشرق

(c)جاوید نامہ

(d)زبور عجم

36. "اسم مصدر" سے "اسم فاعل قیاسی" بنانے کا عمومی قاعدہ کیا ہے؟

(a)مصدر کی "نا" ہٹا کر "نے ندہ" بڑھا دینا

(b)شروع میں "الف" کا اضافہ کرنا

(c)آخر میں "ت" لگانا

(d)جمع بنا دینا

37. دفتری لفظ "Deputation" کا درست انتظامی ترجمہ کیا ہے؟
(a) عارضی برطرفی
(b) عارضی شمولیت / تفویض خدمات (ڈیپوٹیشن)
(c) مستقل تبادلہ
(d) جبری رخصت

38. "سودائے خام" محاورے کا درست مفہوم کیا ہے؟
(a) خام مال خریدنا
(b) خیالی یا ناممکن بات کی ہوس / باطل خواہش
(c) سستا سودا کرنا
(d) کاروبار میں نقصان ہونا

39. "کشف المحجوب" (حضرت داتا گنج بخش) کا اردو ترجمہ سب سے پہلے کس نے شائع کیا؟
(a) مولوی فیروز الدین
(b) علامہ گنگوہی
(c) حکیم محمد حسین ضیائی
(d) پروفیسر محمد منور

40. "الف ونشر" علم بدیع کی ایک صنعت ہے۔ اس کی دو بنیادی اقسام کون سی ہیں؟
(a) مرتب اور غیر مرتب (معکوس)
(b) لغوی اور اصطلاحی
(c) جلی اور خفی
(d) قریب اور بعید

SECTION-III	(English)	50 Marks

Synonyms (5 Marks) *Choose the correct synonym for the given word.*

41. **Abstruse** (a) Recondite (b) Lucid (c) Shallow (d) Manifest
42. **Bellicose** (a) Pacific (b) Pugnacious (c) Friendly (d) Serene
43. **Inchoate** (a) Developed (b) Rudimentary (c) Finished (d) Articulate
44. **Perspicacious** (a) Astute (b) Ignorant (c) Slow-witted (d) Dull
45. **Vicissitude** (a) Stability (b) Fluctuation (c) Uniformity (d) Stagnation

Antonyms (5 Marks) *Choose the correct antonym for the given word.*

46. **Acrimonious** (a) Bitter (b) Caustic (c) Harmonious (d) Rancorous
47. **Craven** (a) Audacious (b) Timid (c) Cowardly (d) Fearful
48. **Execrable** (a) Detestable (b) Exemplary (c) Abhorrent (d) Deplorable
49. **Lachrymose** (a) Tearful (b) Mournful (c) Jubilant (d) Sad
50. **Trenchant** (a) Incisive (b) Feeble (c) Sharp (d) Keen

Grammar & Sentence Structure (22 Marks) *Choose the correct option or identify the required grammatical construction.*

51. Choose the sentence free from dangling or misplaced modifiers:
(a) Having eaten the raw fish, a severe stomachache was experienced by John.
(b) Having eaten the raw fish, John experienced a severe stomachache.
(c) John experienced a severe stomachache, having been eating the raw fish.
(d) Eating raw fish, a stomachache afflicted John quickly.

52. Identify the sentence with correct subjunctive usage:
(a) The board demanded that the CEO resigns immediately.
(b) The board demanded that the CEO resign immediately.
(c) The board demanded that the CEO must resign immediately.
(d) The board demanded that the CEO shall resign immediately.

53. Identify the sentence with proper parallelism:
    (a) He was praised not only for his intellect but also admired for his generosity.
    (b) Not only was he praised for his intellect, but also for his generosity.
    (c) He was praised not only for his intellect but also for his generosity.
    (d) He not only was praised for intellect but also generosity.
54. Choose the grammatically correct sentence:
    (a) Neither of the candidates who were interviewed today have the requisite experience.
    (b) Neither of the candidates who were interviewed today has the requisite experience.
    (c) Neither of the candidates who was interviewed today have the requisite experience.
    (d) Neither of the candidates whom was interviewed today has the requisite experience.
55. Choose the option that correctly rectifies the comma splice:
    (a) The climate crisis is escalating, governments must act immediately.
    (b) The climate crisis is escalating; governments must act immediately.
    (c) The climate crisis is escalating governments, must act immediately.
    (d) The climate crisis is escalating, so, governments must act immediately.
56. Identify the sentence with correct relative pronoun case:
    (a) Whomever wins the election will face immense economic hurdles.
    (b) Whoever wins the election will face immense economic hurdles.
    (c) Whomsoever wins the election will face immense economic hurdles.
    (d) Whomever is elected will face immense economic hurdles.
57. Choose the sentence with proper tense consistency in reported speech:
    (a) She claimed that she had completed the report before the manager has arrived.
    (b) She claimed that she completed the report before the manager arrives.
    (c) She claimed that she had completed the report before the manager arrived.
    (d) She claimed that she completes the report before the manager arrived.
58. Identify the sentence with a grammatical error:
    (a) The committee has submitted its final proposal to the parliament.
    (b) The committee are divided in their opinions regarding the new bill.
    (c) The number of applicants is increasing every year.
    (d) A number of student has failed the preliminary test.
59. Select the sentence with correct usage of correlative conjunctions:
    (a) Scarcely had the speaker finished his speech than the audience erupted in applause.
    (b) Scarcely had the speaker finished his speech when the audience erupted in applause.
    (c) Scarcely had the speaker finished his speech then the audience erupted in applause.
    (d) Scarcely the speaker had finished his speech when the audience erupted in applause.
60. Identify the sentence containing a semantic redundancy:
    (a) The government decided to revert back to the original policy.
    (b) The government decided to revert to the original policy.
    (c) The government chose to return to the former policy.
    (d) The government reinstated the original policy.
61. Select the grammatically correct option involving inverted word order:
    (a) Seldom we have seen such dedication in public service.
    (b) Seldom have we seen such dedication in public service.
    (c) Seldom we did see such dedication in public service.
    (d) Seldom have seen we such dedication in public service.
62. Choose the correct usage of conditional clauses (Type 3):
    (a) If he had studied harder, he would pass the examination.
    (b) If he studied harder, he would have passed the examination.
    (c) If he had studied harder, he would have passed the examination.
    (d) Had he studied harder, he will pass the examination.
63. Identify the correct use of "between" vs "among" with complex groups:
    (a) The treaty was signed between the four major global powers.
    (b) Negotiations between the three neighboring states reached a deadlock.
    (c) The trade alliance was formed between all countries of the world.
    (d) The resources were divided between the members of the committee.

64. Choose the sentence that avoids a faulty comparison:
    (a) The climate of Quetta is colder than Karachi.
    (b) The climate of Quetta is colder than that of Karachi.
    (c) The climate of Quetta is colder from Karachi.
    (d) The climate of Quetta is colder than Karachi's climate is.
65. Identify the sentence with proper hyphens in compound adjectives:
    (a) The state of the art facility was opened yesterday.
    (b) The state-of-the-art facility was opened yesterday.
    (c) The facility was state-of-the-art.
    (d) The state of-the-art facility opened yesterday.
66. Select the option with correct usage of "lay" / "lie":
    (a) He lay down on the couch after a strenuous day.
    (b) He laid down on the couch after a strenuous day.
    (c) He has laid on the couch all morning.
    (d) He is laying on the couch right now.
67. Identify the sentence with a punctuation error involving colons:
    (a) The delegation included representatives from three countries: France, Germany, and Italy.
    (b) The steps for assembly are: unbox, assemble, and test.
    (c) He had one main goal: to achieve excellence in his field.
    (d) There was only one obstacle remaining: lack of funds.
68. Select the sentence with correct verb modifier placement:
    (a) She almost drove for six hours without taking a break.
    (b) She drove for almost six hours without taking a break.
    (c) She drove for six hours almost without taking a break.
    (d) Almost she drove for six hours without a break.
69. Choose the sentence with correct genitive case usage:
    (a) The diplomat was worried about Charles' response.
    (b) The diplomat was worried about Charles's response.
    (c) The diplomat was worried about Charless response.
    (d) Both (a) and (b) are accepted standard usages.
70. Select the correct option regarding raising constructions:
    (a) It seems that the project is succeeding. -> The project seems to be succeeding.
    (b) It seems that the project is succeeding. -> The project seems succeeding.
    (c) It seems that the project is succeeding. -> To succeed seems the project.
    (d) It seems that the project is succeeding. -> The project seems that succeeds.
71. Identify the correct usage of "hardly... when":
    (a) Hardly had I stepped out of the building when it started pouring.
    (b) Hardly I had stepped out of the building when it started pouring.
    (c) Hardly had I stepped out of the building than it started pouring.
    (d) Hardly had I stepped out of the building then it started pouring.
72. Choose the correct usage of the split infinitive (acceptable modern formal preference):
    (a) He was instructed to carefully analyze the data before submission.
    (b) He was instructed carefully to analyze the data before submission.
    (c) He was instructed to analyze the data carefully before submission.
    (d) All of the above are grammatically valid depending on stylistic choice.

Prepositions (3 Marks) *Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition.*

73. His arguments are fraught _____ logical fallacies and historical inaccuracies.
    (a) by (b) with (c) in (d) from
74. The minister acquiesced _____ the demands of the opposition after lengthy deliberations.
    (a) to (b) in (c) with (d) at
75. Her opinions are inimical _____ the core values of our academic institution.
    (a) for (b) against (c) to (d) with

Idioms & Phrases (5 Marks) *Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom.*

76. **To throw down the gauntlet**:
    (a) To surrender meekly

(b) To issue a formal challenge
(c) To make peace
(d) To abandon a project

77. **To sail under false colors**:
(a) To act hypocritically or deceitfully
(b) To navigate poorly
(c) To represent a foreign nation
(d) To surrender at sea

78. **A Pyrrhic victory**:
(a) A decisive and crushing triumph
(b) A victory gained at too great a cost
(c) A victory achieved through luck
(d) A moral victory despite defeat

79. **To burn one's bridges**:
(a) To destroy evidence
(b) To act so conclusively that returning to a former position is impossible
(c) To cause unnecessary conflict
(d) To build structural barriers

80. **To leave no stone unturned**:
(a) To engage in physical labor
(b) To explore every possible avenue or means
(c) To search for minerals
(d) To leave a task incomplete

Reading Comprehension (10 Marks)

Passage 1 (Questions 41–45) The doctrine of legal realism emerged in the early twentieth century as a reaction against formalist jurisprudence, which viewed law as an autonomous system of neutral, logical rules. Realists argued that legal decision-making is inescapably influenced by psychological, sociological, and economic factors. Judges do not simply "find" the law in existing precedents; rather, they construct rulings based on personal convictions or societal policy considerations and subsequently rationalize their choices using statutory language. Consequently, legal outcomes are far less predictable than formalism asserts. Critics of realism contend that by undermining the notion of legal objectivity, realism threatens the rule of law itself, reducing judicial power to arbitrary personal preference.

81. Legal realism arose primarily as a critique of:
(a) Sociological jurisprudence
(b) Formalist jurisprudence
(c) Executive legislation
(d) Constitutional originalism

82. According to legal realists, how do judges arrive at legal decisions?
(a) By strictly applying objective, neutral rules logically
(b) Through personal convictions and societal factors, later rationalized via legal language
(c) By relying exclusively on statutory text without interpretation
(d) By consulting political executive authorities directly

83. What is a key criticism leveled against legal realism according to the text?
(a) It makes legal outcomes overly predictable.
(b) It overemphasizes precedent over modern social science.
(c) It undermines judicial objectivity and threatens the rule of law.
(d) It refuses to acknowledge the role of judges.

84. The word **"autonomous"** as used in the passage most nearly means:
(a) Dependent
(b) Independent/Self-contained
(c) Arbitrary
(d) Complex

85. Formalist jurisprudence regards law as:
(a) A system shaped by judicial bias
(b) An autonomous system of neutral rules
(c) An unpredictable tool of political power

(d) A purely economic construct

Passage 2 (Questions 46–50) Epistemological skepticism raises fundamental questions regarding the possibility of genuine knowledge. Pyrrhonian skeptics advocated the suspension of judgment (*epoche*) regarding all non-evident propositions as a pathway to mental tranquility (*ataraxia*). Unlike Academic skeptics, who dogmatically asserted that "nothing can be known," Pyrrhonists refrained even from making that assertion, remaining perpetual inquirers. In modern philosophy, Cartesian skepticism operates as a methodological tool rather than a lived belief system: Descartes invoked extreme doubt—such as the evil demon hypothesis—to strip away uncertain beliefs and establish an unshakable foundation for empirical and rational knowledge.

86. What was the ultimate psychological objective of Pyrrhonian skepticism?
    (a) Proving the absolute truth of sensory data (b) Achieving mental tranquility through suspension of judgment (c) Establishing dogmatic assertions about reality (d) RefUTING Cartesian metaphysics
87. How did Pyrrhonian skepticism differ from Academic skepticism?
    (a) Academic skeptics suspended judgment, while Pyrrhonists claimed nothing could be known.
    (b) Pyrrhonists avoided asserting even that nothing can be known, remaining open-ended inquirers.
    (c) Academic skeptics believed in empirical science, whereas Pyrrhonists rejected it.
    (d) Pyrrhonists were dogmatic, while Academic skeptics were tranquil.
88. What role did skepticism play in René Descartes' philosophical project?
    (a) A permanent lifestyle advocating total suspension of belief
    (b) A methodological tool to eliminate uncertain beliefs and locate an unshakable truth
    (c) A proof that evil demons govern human cognition
    (d) A dogmatic rejection of rationalism
89. The term **"epoche"** in the passage refers to:
    (a) Dogmatic assertion
    (b) Suspension of judgment
    (c) Empirical observation
    (d) Mental anxiety
90. Which of the following best summarizes the author's tone?
    (a) Highly polemical and critical
    (b) Objective and analytical
    (c) Sarcastic and dismissive
    (d) Emotional and persuasive

SECTION-IV	(General Ability)	60 Marks

91. 0.003 x 0.02 =?
    (a) 0.06
    (b) 0.006
    (c) 0.0006
    (d) 0.00006
92. 40 is subtracted from 60 % of a number, the result is 50. Find the number?
    (a) 150
    (b) 140
    (c) 130
    (d) 110
93. 85 % of a number is added to 24, the result is the same number. Find the number?
    (a) 150
    (b) 140
    (c) 130
    (d) 160
94. 60 % of a number is added to 120, the result is the same number. Find the number?
    (a) 300
    (b) 200
    (c) 400
    (d) 500
95. 25 % of 30 % of 45 % is equal to _____?
    (a) 0.03375
    (b) 0.3375

(c) 3.375
(d) 33.75

96. 40 % of a number is more than 20 % of 650 by 190. Find the number?
(a) 600
(b) 700
(c) 800
(d) 900

97. How much is 80 % of 40 is greater than 4/5 of 25?
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 9
(d) 12

98. After decreasing 24 % in the price of an article costs Rs. 912. Find the actual cost of an article?
(a) 1400
(b) 1300
(c) 1200
(d) 1100

99. What percent of 120 are 90?
(a) 25 %
(b) 50 %
(c) 75 %
(d) 33 %

100. Today is Khadija's birthday. After one year, she will become two times as she was ten years ago. Current age of Khadija is?
(a) 19
(b) 20
(c) 21
(d) 22

101. The average of two numbers is XY. If one number is equal to X, the other number is equal to _____?
(a) X
(b) 2Y
(c) XY - X
(d) 2XY – X

102. The average of first 10 even numbers is _____?
(a) 18
(b) 22
(c) 9
(d) 11

103. The average of 11 numbers is 10.9. If the average of first six is 10.5 and that of the last six is 11.4. The sixth number is _____?
(a) 11.0
(b) 11.3
(c) 11.4
(d) 11.5

104. The average of first ten prime numbers which are odd is _____?
(a) 12.9
(b) 13.8
(c) 15.8
(d) 17

105. The average of first 10 natural numbers is _____?
(a) 5
(b) 5.5
(c) 6.5
(d) 6

106. The average of first 10 odd numbers is _____?
(a) 11
(b) 10
(c) 12
(d) 17

107. The average age of three boys is 15 years and their ages are in proportion 3:5:7. What is the age in years of the youngest boy?
   (a) 15
   (b) 9
   (c) 18
   (d) 21
108. In a fort, there is sufficient food for 600 men for a month. If 400 more men arrive the fort then how long the food is sufficient for now?
   (a) 20 days
   (b) 18 days
   (c) 28 days
   (d) 36 days
109. A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. The probability of getting a queen of club or a king of heart is _____?
   (a) 1/13
   (b) 2/13
   (c) 1/26
   (d) 1/52
110. In the total investment of $500,000, B's share is 20%. While A's share is 40% of the B's. What is the share of A?
   (a) $32,000
   (b) $34,000
   (c) $36,000
   (d) $40,000
111. $2 + 2 - 2 \times 2 \div 2 =$?
   (a) 0
   (b) 1
   (c) 2
   (d) 4
112. The ratio of two numbers a and b is 3:5. If 2 is added to both the numbers, the ratio becomes 2:3. Find b?
   (a) 15
   (b) 10
   (c) 8
   (d) 5
113. The length and breadth of a rectangle are in the ratio 5:4. Find its perimeter if its area is 180 cm^2.
   (a) 54 cm
   (b) 27 cm
   (c) 12 cm
   (d) 15 cm
114. The perimeter of a triangle is 81 cm. If the sides are in the ratio 4:3:2, find the length of the largest side.
   (a) 45 cm
   (b) 40 cm
   (c) 36 cm
   (d) 27 cm
115. A class has 90 students. If the ratio of boys and girls is 7:8, find the number of boys in the class.
   (a) 48
   (b) 42
   (c) 60
   (d) 70
116. The sum of three consecutive even numbers is 78. What is the largest number?
   (a) 22
   (b) 24
   (c) 26
   (d) 28
117. What is the sum of the sequence: 2+4+6+ ….. +98+100 =?
   (a) 2450
   (b) 2500
   (c) 2550
   (d) 2600
118. The ratio of two numbers is 5:9. If each number is decreased by 5, the ratio becomes 5:11. Find the numbers.
   (a) 30, 19

(b) 21, 37
(c) 15, 34
(d) 15, 27

119. What is the sum of the numbers: 1, 2, 3, 4, ….. 99, 100?
(a) 5000
(b) 5050
(c) 5100
(d) 5150

120. If 6 men take 9 days to complete a work, how many men can complete the work in 3 days?
(a) 2 men
(b) 12 men
(c) 9 men
(d) 18 men

121. Complete the series: 4,8,9,13,14,18, __?
(a) 22
(b) 32
(c) 11
(d) 19

122. Which Muslim Scientist wrote first book on Algebra?
(a) Al-Khwarizmi
(b) Ibn Sina
(c) Archimedes
(d) Euclid

123. What is the largest known Prime Number?
(a) 282,589,933-3
(b) 282,589,933-1
(c) 282,589,933-5
(d) None of these

124. 1 acre is equal to _____ square foot.
(a) 45434 square feet
(b) 34343 square feet
(c) 43572 square feet
(d) 43560 square feet

125. If the sum of two numbers is 16, and their product is 63. Then the larger number is
(a) 9
(b) 10
(c) 11
(d) 12

126. If 75 percent of a number is y. And, 80 percent of y is 60, then what is the number?
(a) 100
(b) 110
(c) 120
(d) 130

127. There are 20 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) in an exam with 4 options in every question. A student attempted the exam just on random guessing. How many questions he will attempt correctly?
(a) 4
(b) 5
(c) 6
(d) 7

128. Find the Missing Number in the series 1, 6,13, 22, 33, ?
(a) 36
(b) 40
(c) 46
(d) 52

129. One Gross is equal to _____?
(a) 5 dozen
(b) 10 dozen
(c) 12 dozen
(d) None of these

130. Co-ordinates of Origin are: _____?
   (a) (0,1)
   (b) (1,1)
   (c) (0,0)
   (d) (1,0)
131. Zero is a _____ number?
   (a) Odd number
   (b) Even number
   (c) Whole number
   (d) None of these
132. A Quadrillion has _____ zeros?
   (a) 15 zeros
   (b) 18 zeros
   (c) 21 zeros
   (d) None of these
133. Who is known as the Father of Geometry?
   (a) Kepler
   (b) Euclid
   (c) Pythagoras
   (d) Newton
134. What is the value of x in the equation: $0.2x - 0.03 = 0.4 \times 0.05$?
   (a) 0.20
   (b) 0.02
   (c) 0.25
   (d) 0.025
135. P is 50 % more than q. Find the ratio of p to q.
   (a) 3:2
   (b) 1:5
   (c) 2:1
   (d) 1:2
136. Bilal's salary is 120% of Ahmed salary. And, Saba's salary is 60% of Ahmed's salary. The total of all three salaries is Rs.112,000. What is Saba's salary?
   (a) Rs. 24,000
   (b) Rs. 24,500
   (c) Rs. 25,000
   (d) Rs. 25,500
137. The sum of cubes of two numbers is 280. If the numbers are in the ratio 2:3, find the smallest number.
   (a) 4
   (b) 6
   (c) 3
   (d) 2
138. What is the first 70 odd numbers added together?
   (a) 4900
   (b) 4970
   (c) 4960
   (d) None of these
139. What fraction of an hour is a second?
   (a) 1/24
   (b) 1/60
   (c) 1/120
   (d) 1/3600
140. The first even number is:
   (a) 0
   (b) 1
   (c) 2
   (d) 3
141. A person crosses a 600 m long street in 5 minutes. What is his speed in km per hour?
   (a) 8.2
   (b) 4.2

(c) 6.1
(d) 7.2

142. What is the average of 3%, 7%, 10% and 16%?
(a) 8%
(b) 9%
(c) 10%
(d) 11%

143. Two taps X and Y can fill a tank in 10 hours and 15 hours respectively. If the both taps are opened together, the tank will be full in_____?
(a) 3 hours
(b) 4 hours
(c) 5 hours
(d) 6 hours

144. If 6 men can make 10 sofas in 2 days, then 8 men can make 8 sofas in_____?
(a) 1.8 days
(b) 1.5 days
(c) 1.2 days
(d) 1 day

145. If 10 workers can make 10 tables in 10 days, then how many days would it take for 5 workers to make 5 tables?
(a) 1
(b) 5
(c) 10
(d) 25

146. 10 shoes are placed at somewhere in room. What is probability that a pair of shoes will always be together?
(a) 8/10
(b) 2/5
(c) 1/5
(d) 9/10

147. 'A' starts walking towards North, turns left, again turns left, turns right, again turns right. In which direction is A walking now?
(a) East
(b) North
(c) South
(d) West

148. Three of the following four words are alike in a certain way and one is different. Pick the odd one out.
(a) Seismology
(b) Terminology
(c) Cardiology
(d) Pedology

149. In a code language, FRIEND is written as GQJDOC. How will PEACE be written in that language?
(a) QFBBF
(b) ODBBF
(c) QDBBF
(d) QDBDF

150. When "SIR" is coded as "PSPIPR" then how MAN will be coded.
(a) PMANP
(b) PMPAPN
(c) NANP
(d) MPANP

SECTION-V	(GENERAL KNOWLEDGE)	50 Marks

151. All the bones of the body make a frame called?
A. Skeleton
B. Tissue
C. Skull
D. None of these

152. Parsec is a unit used to measure: _____?

A. Distance
B. Time
C. Speed
D. Force

153. Milky Way Galaxy in which type?
A. spiral
B. Round
C. Square
D. Linear

154. Which bird has legs but can't walk?
A. Loons
B. Grebes
C. Hummingbirds
D. None of these

155. Which of the following is the source of purest water in nature?
a) River
b) Rain
c) Spring
d) Well

156. The main constituent of Vinegar is:
(a) Ascorbic acid
(b) Citric acid
(c) Acetic acid
(d) None of these

157. Which of the planet moves fastest around the Sun?
a) Venus
b) Mercury
c) Jupiter
d) None of these

158. What is the position of the Earth when it is at the closest distance from the sun?
(a) Aphelion
(b) Perihelion
(c) Apogee
(d) Perigee

159. What is mixed farming?
(a) Growing several crops in a planned way
(b) Growing several crops and rearing animals
(c) Growing rabi as well as kharif crops
(d) None of these

160. Formation of Ozone hole is maximum over:
(a) India
(b) Europe
(c) Antarctica
(d) Africa

161. The Legal Framework Order of 1970 provided the constitutional basis for Pakistan's first nationwide general elections based on adult franchise. It was promulgated under:
A) Ayub Khan
B) Yahya Khan
C) Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
D) Iskander Mirza

162. Pakistan's circular debt problem has remained a major structural challenge under successive IMF programmes. It is predominantly associated with which sector?
A) Telecommunications
B) Power and energy
C) Textile industry
D) Information technology

163. The 1973 Constitution introduced bicameralism at the federal level. The Senate was principally designed to ensure:
A) Representation based exclusively on population
B) Equal representation of federating units

C) Direct representation of districts
D) Representation of the judiciary

164. Pakistan's geographical location makes Gwadar important to regional energy geopolitics because it lies relatively close to the:
A) Strait of Malacca
B) Strait of Hormuz
C) Bosporus Strait
D) Suez Canal

165. The 1962 Constitution represented a major departure from the 1956 constitutional structure by establishing primarily a:
A) Parliamentary system
B) Presidential system
C) Confederal system
D) Parliamentary monarchy

166. The principle of "Common but Differentiated Responsibilities" is especially relevant to Pakistan's argument that countries with historically higher emissions should bear greater responsibility for:
A) Climate mitigation and finance
B) International peacekeeping
C) Nuclear disarmament
D) Refugee resettlement

167. The Durand Line originated from an 1893 agreement between Amir Abdur Rahman Khan of Afghanistan and which British Indian official?
A) Henry McMahon
B) Mortimer Durand
C) Cyril Radcliffe
D) Stafford Cripps

168. The Financial Action Task Force removed Pakistan from its increased-monitoring "grey list" in October 2022. FATF primarily sets standards against:
A) Tax avoidance and inflation
B) Money laundering and terrorist financing
C) Nuclear proliferation
D) Cyber warfare

169. The One Unit Scheme introduced in 1955 consolidated the provinces and princely states in Pakistan's western wing into:
A) Federal Territory of Pakistan
B) Province of West Pakistan
C) North-West Pakistan
D) Western Federation

170. Accelerated melting of glaciers in the Hindu Kush-Karakoram-Himalaya region presents a complex challenge for Pakistan because it can initially increase flooding while eventually threatening:
A) Maritime boundaries
B) Long-term freshwater availability
C) Coastal fisheries only
D) Coal reserves

171. The Lahore Declaration of February 1999, aimed at reducing Pakistan-India tensions after the nuclear tests, was signed by Nawaz Sharif and:
A) Manmohan Singh
B) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
C) I. K. Gujral
D) Rajiv Gandhi

172. Pakistan's monetary policy, including decisions regarding the policy interest rate, falls primarily under the responsibility of:
A) Ministry of Finance
B) State Bank of Pakistan
C) Planning Commission
D) Federal Board of Revenue

173. Pakistan's potential role as a transit economy for landlocked Central Asian republics derives significantly from its ability to provide access to ports located on the:

A) Red Sea
B) Arabian Sea
C) Caspian Sea
D) Bay of Bengal

174. Which international institution played the principal mediatory role in negotiations leading to the signing of the 1960 Indus Waters Treaty?
A) IMF
B) World Bank
C) United Nations
D) Asian Development Bank

175. Pakistan's relationship with China is formally characterized as an "All-Weather Strategic Cooperative Partnership." Its most visible geo-economic manifestation is:
A) SAFTA
B) CPEC
C) TAPI
D) CASA-1000

176. Article 2A, which made the Objectives Resolution a substantive part of Pakistan's Constitution, was inserted through constitutional changes associated with the:
A) Eighth Amendment
B) Thirteenth Amendment
C) Seventeenth Amendment
D) Eighteenth Amendment

177. Pakistan's fiscal federalism depends heavily on the NFC mechanism. The bulk of federally collected divisible-pool taxes are administered by the:
A) State Bank of Pakistan
B) Federal Board of Revenue
C) National Economic Council
D) Council of Common Interests

178. India's August 2019 constitutional changes concerning Jammu and Kashmir centered principally on the effective abrogation of:
A) Article 356
B) Article 370
C) Article 368
D) Article 324

179. Pakistan's location at the intersection of South Asia, Central Asia and the Middle East is increasingly emphasized under a foreign-policy discourse prioritizing:
A) Geo-economics
B) Isolationism
C) Autarky
D) Territorial expansion

180. The permanent Secretariat of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation, of which Pakistan has been a full member since 2017, is located in:
A) Moscow
B) Beijing
C) Astana
D) Tashkent

181. The 2026 NATO Summit was hosted by:
A) Türkiye
B) Germany
C) France
D) Italy

182. Who is the current President of Pakistan?
A) Arif Alvi
B) Mamnoon Hussain

C) Asif Ali Zardari
D) Shehbaz Sharif

183. The Pakistan–Türkiye–Saudi Arabia security agreement is primarily related to:
A) Currency union
B) Mutual security and defence cooperation
C) Agricultural cooperation
D) Space exploration

184. According to recent reports, which regional elections in August 2026 were being held in phases because of security concerns?
A) Gilgit-Baltistan elections
B) Azad Jammu and Kashmir elections
C) Punjab elections
D) Balochistan elections

185. "Operation Sindoor" was the name used by India for its military action against targets in:
A) Bangladesh
B) Pakistan and Pakistan-administered Kashmir
C) Afghanistan
D) Nepal

186. The IMF's Resilience and Sustainability Facility for Pakistan primarily seeks to help Pakistan address:
A) Defence expenditure
B) Climate and natural-disaster vulnerabilities
C) Electoral reforms
D) Population growth

187. COP30's location in Belém was symbolically important because the city is located in the:
A) Sahara region
B) Amazon region
C) Andes region
D) Patagonian region

188. What was the primary stated reason for Pakistan's airstrikes on Kabul in Feb-March 2026?
A) Capturing TTP leaders hiding in Kabul
B) Targeting militant camps linked to TTP and ISIS-K used to attack Pakistan
C) Retaliating for Afghan trade disruptions
D) Securing water rights from the Kabul River

189. Pakistan held its 5G spectrum auction on March 10, 2026, raising approximately how much money?
A. US$200 million
B. US$350 million
C. US$507 million
D. US$750 million

190. Who is the Current IG of Punjab Police?
A. Dr. Usman Anwar
B. Rao Abdul Kareem
C. Mohammad Aamir Zulfiqar
D. Rao Sardar Ali Khan

191. Reports in mid-January 2026 suggested a partnership between a Pakistani firm and which Trump-family linked crypto project?
A. Truth Crypto
B. World Liberty Financial
C. MAGA Coin
D. Liberty Blockchain

192. Who won the final of Shandur Festival 2025?
A. Team Chitral
B. Team Gilgit
C. Team Ghizar
D. Team Laspur

193. What is the name of Military Operation Launched by Pakistan in response to alleged indian aggression , Particularly after the terrorist attack in Pahalgam ?
   A. Bunyan Al Marsoos
   B. Rising Lion
   C. True Promise 3
   D. Al-Habib
194. Chief of Army Staff General Asim Munir has promoted to the rank of Field Marshal on which date?
   A. 17th May 2025
   B. 18th May 2025
   C. 19th May 2025
   D. 20th May 2025
195. Which new department has been created in Punjab Police to control crime?
   A. Crime Task Force
   B. Crime Control Department
   C. Crime Investigation Unit
   D. Rapid Response Force
196. The UN Convention on Biodiversity (CBD). will hold its COP17 in October 2026 in which city?
   A. Antalya, Türkiye
   B. Yerevan, Armenia
   C. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia
   D. Baku, Azerbaijan
197. Iran responded to the killing of Ali Khamenei by closing which vital waterway to shipping?
   A. Suez Canal
   B. Bosphorus Strait
   C. Strait of Hormuz
   D. Strait of Malacca
198. The “AI for Good Global Summit” 2026 is organized by which UN agency?
   A. UNESCO
   B. ITU (International Telecommunication Union)
   C. WHO
   D. UNDP
199. Which organization coordinates the activities for World Wildlife Day (March 3)?
   A. UNESCO
   B. UN-Water
   C. UNEP (UN Environment Programme)
   D. WHO
200. Which Pakistani leader attended the oath-taking ceremony of Bangladesh Prime Minister Tarique Rahman on 17 February 2026?
   A. Shehbaz Sharif
   B. Bilawal Bhutto Zardari
   C. Ahsan Iqbal
   D. Khawaja Asif